

Identification and Management of Adolescent Depression in a Large Pediatric Care Network

Date:

Mar 2020 Visit Article

Primary care has been promoted as a setting to identify and manage adolescent depression. This study examined primary care-based adolescent depression identification and follow-up care when elevated symptoms were identified. Data came from a large pediatric care network with an organizational recommendation to screen for depression at age 16 well-visits using an electronic health record (EHR)-integrated standardized measure. Analyses examined rates of screening and elevated symptoms, pediatricians' initial responses to elevated scores, and types of follow-up care received over 1 year using retrospective EHR data extraction and manual chart reviews. Across program sites, 76.3% (n = 6981) of patients attending their age 16 well-visits were screened. About one-quarter had an elevated score (19.2% mild and 6.7% moderate-to-severe), many of whom received active follow-up on their well-visit date. Over 1 year, three-fourths of patients with scores in the moderate-to-severe range and 40.0% of patients with scores in the mild range received follow-up care (e.g., antidepressant prescriptions) as per EHR extraction. Follow-up rates were higher as per manual chart reviews. Routine adolescent depression screening is feasible across diverse primary care sites. Most patients with elevated scores were not already receiving behavioral health services, suggesting screening identified previously undetected concerns. In turn, many adolescents with elevated scores initiated treatment after screening, which indicates providing screen results at the point of care may facilitate pediatrician actions. Still, gaps in follow-up care demonstrate the need for greater investment in primary care-based behavioral health services to support high-quality treatment and ultimately decrease the burden of adolescent depression.

Journal:

Journal of Developmental & Behavioral Pediatrics

Authors:

McCarthy AE, Gallop R, Brooks ES, Gerdes M, Bush ML, Young JF

Topics

Integration into Medical Settings

Related Content

The Depression Prevention Initiative: Mediators of Interpersonal Psychotherapy-Adolescent Skills Training Youth Depression Screening with Parent and Self-Reports: Assessing Current and Prospective Depression Risk

Two-year Impact of Prevention Programs on Adolescent Depression: An Integrative Data Analysis Approach Adolescent Depression Screening in Primary Care: Who is Screened and Who is at Risk?